THE DAILY UNION BANNER.

VOL. 1. SALISBURY, N. C., FRIDAY NOVEMBER 3, 1865. NO. 138

The Plot to Tax the People to Pay the War Debt—Jonathan Worth leading this Plot.

President Johnson and the people of the U. States are opposed to the Rebellious States paying the debt they have made in aid of the Rebellion, because the National Government means to let her enemies at home and in foreign countries, clearly and distinctly understand, that whoever aids a State in rebellion to make war against the United States shall loose every dollar, loaned to the rebellious States for the purpose of aiding her to destroy the National Government.—For the purpose of her own preservation, the U. States Government means this shall be understood now and for all time to come. Therefore for her own protection, the National Government forbids this War debt to be paid. In addition to this the National Government is bound to protect the loyal citizens of every State, hence that Government will not allow the loyal people of any State to be taxed for a debt made without their consent and in defiance of their will; the loyal people of North Carolina, who have been dragged into the war, are entitled to this protection. The citizens of other States who wish to move to North Carolina, are entitled to such protection.

Mississippi, Alabama and S. Carolina saw and acknowledged the force of these principles. The war debt in these States was small and their Conventions declared all debts contracted in aid of the rebellion to be null and void. No opposition to these just and unanswerable principles was offered in either of those States. The war debt was small.

But in North Carolina, the war debt was enormous—much larger than all the other debts the State had contracted since the Revolution of 1776. It was owned by many wealthy and influential men, in all parts of the State—the banks were largely interested in it. And such a combination of influence was brought to bear upon the Convention of North Carolina, that this war debt was debated day after day and night after night, and no definite action or decision was had—it was continued from time for decision.

In the mean time the debates in the Convention on the war debt, and reached many of the Northern newspapers, and the northern and western citizens of the United States, had become much excited upon the course the matter had taken in our Convention, especially that portion of the people of the North who are opposed to President Johnson, and who are doing all in their power to keep the Southern States out of the Union, and under military rule until the negro is made our equal at the ballot box, on the witness stand, and in the jury box.

President Johnson seeing and feeling this fanatical excitement and pressure that was gathering against us and him, telegraphed his views to Gov. Holden, which telegram the Governor laid before the Convention. President Johnson has been our friend, he has been our only friend he has kept the fanatics from grinding us with hard and unbearable terms; he has kept them from making the negro our equal, at the ballot box, on the witness stand and in the jury box, and before we remain a year or two longer under military rule, it will be because Andrew Johnson has been our friend—has boldly stood between us and Norther fanatics, when we were without power and without friends. Even today if he were to die or to forsake us, we should be without hope—the negro would be our equal and the Northern fanatic would rule over us.—Cannot President Johnson then suggest to N. Carolina what is best for her and for him, to enable her speedily to return to her rights in the Union? Who that is a friend to North Carolina will say that the President ought not to give her the benefit of his opinions? Most assuredly he is our best friend and knows best what is required for North Carolina to do.

The opinions of the national government were so distinctly expressed by the President, that those persons in the Convention who favored the payment of the debt, could make no further resistance then, but passed the ordinance and refused to submit it to the vote of the people, because, if the people vote the debt down, it could never be revived.

The present plot of Mr. Worth's supporters is to pass the debt by until next session of the Convention, when we shall be already in the Union and the national government, they think, will have no further say in the matter. Then, at that session of the Convention, they will repeal the ordinance then passed under the pressure from President Johnson, and pass an ordinance to pay the debt and to tax the people of the State to pay it.

The plot has been deliberately and cunningly made, and the holders of the bonds and many of the banks are exerting all their influence to have it carried out by electing Mr. Worth, and as many members of the Legislature as possible in favor of him, so that he and they may combine their influence to have the Convention repeal the ordinance they have passed.

It is a shrewd and cunning plot, and the amount of the war debt is so large that great influences will be exerted all over the State to bring it to completion. The people of North Carolina ought to be wide awake to this plot, and to its influences and its effects. If it is carried out as well as it has been plotted, the loyal people of the State will yet be taxed to pay this debt. It behooves them to be wide awake and see for whom they vote.

It may be that Mr. Worth has more interest in this plot than most people are aware of. It is said he caused a large amount of old North Carolina bonds belonging to the Sinking Fund of the State to be sold, and the war debt bonds substituted in their place. So if this ordinance is not repealed the State has lost a large amount of money in her old bonds, under the influence and advice of Mr. Worth, in his position as Treasurer of the State. The people should not be unmindful of this fact in the plot, that Mr. Worth, by his advice and influence as Treasurer, has sunk the State a very large amount of the old bonds, and will thus ruin his financial reputation unless he can have the war debt assumed and paid.

The editor of the *Sentinel* also has particular and special interest in carrying out this plot to its completion. During a part of the war that editor was a member of the Literary Board, and under his direction the old North Carolina bonds belonging to the free schools of the State, were put into the market and sold and the war debt bonds bought and put in their place. Thus it is under his mismanagement the free school children of the State are deprived of their only hope of education. The provision made for them by law has been squandered by him. Thus it may be seen why Mr. Worth and the editor of the *Sentinel* are the fit men to execute and carry out this cunning and ingenius plot. The Greensboro *Patriot* is rampant for Jonathan Worth. He wants this war debt paid and means to carry all his influence and the influence and plans of the holders of these war debt [illegible]

If this war debt had been assumed it would have added one million dollars more to our taxes every year. This, added to county, State and United States taxes, would have oppressed the people and have wrung from their hands all their scanty earnings. Our taxes would have been so burdensome as to have driven our own citizens from the State and have prevented others from moving in. No man would have moved to North Carolina under such onerous taxes.

If a few persons have lost money by this so called debt, remember what the great body of our people have lost by the war. Shall we pay this rebel debt and stuff the pockets of speculators with such gains, that they may flourish and prosper? Mr. Worth and his plotters say we shall. Who will restore to the poor widow her husband? Who will clothe and feed the thousands of orphan children of Confederate soldiers now but half clad, almost without bread, destined to grow up in poverty and ignorance, because secession handcuffed their fathers, and hurried them to die on the field of battle or in the cheerless hospital. Who will restore to them the dead who thus lost their lives, or be as a father to their poor helpless orphans and widows? No matter for that say, these speculators, pay us the war debt, and we are satisfied. No doubt they would be. The Convention refused to pay this debt and the people will refuse to pay it. They will pay every dollar of the old debt, but they will refuse to heed the wishes of Jonathan Worth and his planners and plotters to get this war debt paid.

We repeat to the people there still is danger. If the State should return to the Union by the time the Convention meets in May, the Convention will then be as untrammelled as a similar body would be in New York, or Ohio. Capitalists, speculators, traders and corporations will then combine, and under the lead of such men as Turner, Winston, Starbuck and others who put Mr. Worth forward, will make a desperate effort to repeal the ordinance of the Convention and pay this war debt. This is the object of the present agitation, and this the great reason why Mr. Worth is a candidate for Governor. Let the people of North Carolina bear this in mind and keep a close watch on the movements of such men, then they will see for themselves and be convinced before it is too late.

Ral. Standd.

"Pete, how does your father imper his sheep to prevent them from juping over fences?"

"Oh! that's easy enough; he just cuts a hole through one hind leg and sticks the other one through it, and he puts the fore legs through that for a pi."

TERRIFIC EXPLOSION IN THE HARBOR OF NORFOLK.

From the Norfolk Post of Saturday.

Yesterday afternoon our city was startled by a most terrific explosion, which shook it like an earthquake, and caused all the world to rush to the doors and windows. The concussion was too severe to be caused by the discharge of even the heaviest ordinance, and everybody felt that some terrible disaster had happened. We soon learned that the small tug-boat, Coinjock, engaged in the business of towing mud-scows out into the stream to dump the mud dug by the dredging-machines in the dock in front of Kimberly's wharf, had exploded her boiler, while in the middle of the river, some two hundred yards from the landing, blowing the boats to attoms and killing all on board. We reached our windows in time to see the fragments of the boat in the air enveloped in a volume of steam, and, doubtless, the mutilated bodies of the victims were also flying in space at the same time. It was a grand but terrible spectacle. Soon hundreds of people were rushing towards the wharf, and the remnant of the wreck left in the water was seen to creep and sink to the bottom, leaving the mud-scow unharmed, with the two colored laborers upon it, surrounded by the floating timbers and debris of the exploded boat. In less than five minutes the scene of the wreck was swarming with the small boats from the men-of-war lying in the vicinity of the explosion, filled with sailors and their officers, in search of survivors of the explosion of the bodies of the unfortunate victims. An anxious crowd, among whom were some relatives of those known to be aboard were assembled on Kimberly's wharf, awaiting impatiently the report of those who had rushed to the rescue. The boats beat around among the floating fragments for some fifteen minutes, when one of them approached the wharf, dragging in tow a body. The multitude crowded to the landing and learned it was the mutilated remains of William Patten, Jr., an old and much esteemed citizen of Baltimore, but a resident of this city, an agent of the Boston steamship line. He did not belong to the boat, but unfortunately had gone aboard merely from curiosity to witness the operation of dumping the mud from the scow. The officer in command of the boat's crew which had found this body floating in the vicinity of the wreck, searched the pockets of the deceased, and finding his well-filled pocket-book, the key of his safe, and orther articles of value, handed them over to his son, who [illegible] awaiting, with tearful eyes, the Patton presented a horrible and ghastly spectacle; one of his legs was blown from the body, the bowels protruded and the head and face were mashed in such a manner as to render it difficult to recognize the features. All efforts to find the bodies of the other persons known to be on board failed; they had either blown to pieces or sunk to the bottom, and as the fragments floated off the searchers gave up the fruitless task and the boats left the scene of the disaster.

Three persons, besides Mr. Patten, were know to be on board the tug at the time of the disaster. Captain Patrick McCarrack, Jr., in command of the boat; William Foster, the engineer, and a colored fireman, name unknown. Capt. McCarrack, is a son of Capt Patrick McCarrack, the well known commander of the Aolus. He was a young man of much promise and greatly respected in this community. He was formerly in the Confederate service, and had only taken command of the Coinjock on Thursday morning.

The vessel was built at Pudding Creek, in this city, for two purposes on the Albemarle and Chesapeake canal; was launched about thee months since and belonged to Milton, Courtwright & Co. It was consequently quite new, and the machinery was, or ought to have been, in good condition.

TOWN ORDINANCES.

Ordered, That all persons owning or having possession of Houses and Lots, within the Corporation limits of the Town of Salisbury, shall be required to have the same in a cleanly condition, free from all rubbish or filth of any kind whatsoever within fifteen days from the publication of this ordinance, and in the event of a failure of compliance with this order, the legal authorities of the Town of Salisbury, shall have the same cleared of all filth and rubbish at the expense of the owner or person having possession of the said premises. A failure to comply with the provisions of this Ordinance shall subject each offender to a penalty of Ten Dollars.

Ordered, That all persons, owning or having in possession Houses and Lots, shall be required to have the same placed in a safe condition. The chimneys, fire places, stoves, or other place likely to endanger the public safety from fire, shall be repaired within fifteen days, from the publication of this Ordinance—at the expiration of which time the legal authorities shall have the power to inspect the same and if necessary shall have the same property repaired at the expense of the owner, or possessor, of the premises. A failure to comply with this Ordinance, shall subject each offender, to a penalty of Twenty Five Dollars.

Ordered, That the Chief of Police, in person, or by assistants, shall make an inspection for the purpose of carrying into effect the aforementioned Ordinances and report the result of the same within 20 days, from the date of this Ordinance, to the Board of Commissioners, of the Town.

Ordered, That all persons having, wood or chips, in the street shall be required to remove the same in 48 hours, from the publication of this Ordinance, or forfeit and pay the sum of Two Dollars, and the further sum of One Dollar, for every day the said wood or chips, is permitted to remain in the Street.

THOS. McNEELY,
Clerk Board Commissioners.

Salisbury, Nov. 3rd, 1865. tf-137.

A CARD

To the Voters of Rowan County.

The undersigned offers himself as an independent candidate to represent you in the House of Commons at the ensuing Legislature. I deem it unnecessary to review my antecedents in connection with the late war, as they are too well known by you to require comments. If elected, I pledge myself to give to the administration of President Johnson the support it demands, and will use every exertion consistent with honor, to procure a speedy withdrawal of U. States troops from the State, and to facilitate reconstruction by the admission of North Carolina to a full participation in all the rights and powers of a State, under the Federal Constitution.

As regards the election of other offices, the statement of any preference I may feel for candidates for any state office would seem like dictation on my part, and I shall refrain from doing so, as I think every man should vote according to the dictates of his judgment and conscience.

I am uncompromisingly opposed to negro suffrage, restricted or general, in any manner shape or form.

If elected, I shall vote for a Commissioner to recover property belonging to the State, improperly taken during the war, so as to lighten your taxes as much as possible. I shall also favor the election of Magistrates, Judges, and other officers, by the people—as I regard the people the best judges of those who would suit them. I shall also favor hard work, short speeches and short sessions of the Legislature to lessen our expenses. I am a plain man, sprung from the people—one of yourselves—my feelings and sympathies are with the people—I think I understand them, and if elected, believe I can reflect their wishes. Your ob't survant,

D. L. BRINGLE.

J. WOOD BELL. WM S. REED

BELL & REED

CMMISSION BROKERS.

OVER FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF VIGINIA,

Governor Street, Richmond, Va.,

Buy and sell on Commission Leaf and Manufactured Tobacco, and produce of all kinds.

General Forwarding Agents,

Attend to arranging the Internal Revenue Tax upon Manufactured Tobacco.

Refer to: Hon. Warren [illegible], Petersburg, Va.; Rogers, Adams & Co., Richmond; S. C. White, Liberty, Va.; Gen. Duff Green, Washington, D. C.

BELL & REED.

RICHMOND, Va., Agents for

BUCON, CLARDY & CO.

Manufactured and Leaf Tobacco, and General Commission Merchants.

No. 181, Pearl corner Cedar St. N. Y.

Oct. 17, '65. d1mo.

LIVERY STABLE.

THE Undersigned would respectfully inform the public at large that they have opened a Livery Stable, at Thomas E. Brown's old stand in Salisbury, where horses and buggies and other conveyances can be hired at any time, and where horses will be fed and well attended to.

JOHN A. SNIDER,
ROBERT UTZMAN.

October 31, 1865. No 135dtf

JAMES R. HERBERT, Of Maryland. PETER W. HAIRSTON, Of N. Carolina.

HERBERT & HAIRSTON

TOBACCO, COTTON, And General COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No 158 West Pratt Street, Baltimore.

Liberal cash advance made on all consignments.

Goods of all kinds bought at lowest CASH prices for orders.

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Oct. 23. d3mo.

D. G. WORTH. N. G. DANIEL.

WORTH & DANIEL,

COMMISSION AND

FORWARDING MERCHANTS,

T. C. and B. G. Worth's old stand South Water St.,

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Will give strict personal attention to Sale or Shipment of Cotton, Naval Stores and General Produce. Also, to receiving and forwarding Goods.

Agents for Cape Fear Line of River Steamers to Fayetteville, and Sail Lines to New York and Philadelphia.

Dealers in Cotton, Bagging, Rope, Lime, Plaster, Guano, Ford's Fertilizer, Salt, and Coal.

November 1st, 1865. pd1md136

THE UNION BANNER

SALISBURY, N. C., NOVEMBER 3, 1865

J. J. STEWART. EDITOR

ELECTIONS.

The Elections for Governor, Representatives to Congress, and Members of Assembly, Sheriffs and Clerks, will take place on Thursday, the 9th day of November, 1865.

National Union Andrew Johnson Ticket!

FOR GOVERNOR,

WILLIAM W. HOLDEN,

OF WAKE COUNTY.

FOR THE SENATE

FRANK E. SHOBER, ESQ.

FOR THE COMMONS,

DR. N. F. LUCKEY, AND
LUKE BLACKMER, ESQ.

BOGUS MASONARY.

We copy below a description of a ceremony said to have been performed by a Masonic association, claiming the modest title of the Lodge of Perfection.

Suffice it to say, that this ceremony has no connection with, or analogy to any of the exoteric or esoteric rites of Ancient Craft Masonry. Ancient Masonry, while inculcating the purest morality, requires from its votaries but three points of religious faith, viz: a belief in God—in the immortality of the soul and the resurrection to a future life, and leaves all mere forms and particular doctrines to individual choice. A belief in any religious creed, however absurd to us, cannot justify us in excluding him from fellow-hip. The bitterest enemy, even where war rages with the violence of a tornado, has the privilege to sit in the Lodge of the hostile country.

Even a negro, who has been regularly raised to the sublime degree of M. M., would not knock in vain at our doors. It may be asked, then, how it is, that we can have friendly [illegible] any discordant elements—the answer is plain, because the two subjects of sectarian religion and politics are scrupulously kept out of the Lodge.

Then again one of the unchangeable Landmarks of the Order, is the perfect and entire equality of Masons.

This is not a mere theory, but the principle is practically enforced on all occasions, and the only rank allowed in Masonry, is that conferred upon those bright in the royal art without regard to their social position or any other collateral circumstance,

The ceremony described, is doubtless some androgenous French rite commonly called side degree—*but it is not Masonry.*

A Masonic association in New York, called the Lodge of Perfection, performed a singular ceremony last week—a sort of imitation of Christain baptism. It is discribled as follows:

"The members having entered in procession, were followed by a party with six children, some bore on cushions and others led by sponsors and parents—a man following behind with the sacred triangle of burning candles. This company made three circuits, escorted by the lodge, the Masons chanting praises. Then advancing to the East, they stood before the Grand Master. Pra.er was read and a hymn was sung. The orator then addressed the sponsors and children, admonishing them to be true to themselves, their neighbor, their country and their God. Another prayer was then repeated. A font of perfumed water stood before the Grand Master. Taking each child's hand, he immersed it in the water, repeating its name and the words, 'I wash thee with pure water. May God give thee and maintain thee in that innocence and purity of heart of which this cleansing is a symbol.' He then marked on the forehead of each child a triangle with consecrated oil, and pronounced the invocation of blessing. A hymn was then sung; the brethren knelt and uttered a solemn vow to watch and protect these chrildren through life.—Each partook of salt in confirmation of the pledge. A locket was presented to each of the children, and a ring to [illegible] boys: also the triangle and an apr[illegible] benediction complet[illegible] the rite."

Moses L. Holmes Esq.

We received the article under-w[illegible] from our quondam pro tem and [illegible] personal regard and courtesy to him [illegible] it a place editorial.—[Ed.

The gentleman whose name is [illegible] written has we hear, allowed his na[illegible] be submitted to the electors of R[illegible] as a candidate for a seat in the Ho[illegible] Commons. It is true we have not k[illegible] Mr. Holmes, long or intimately, bu[illegible] own opinions of his unblemished pe[illegible] al character, private worth and und[illegible] ed competency for the position he [illegible] is confirmed by all. Who, through a [illegible] of years have been thrown into clos[illegible] intimate relations with him. We [illegible] surprised at the declaration in the "[illegible] *ner*" as to his mental endowments. H[illegible] has been regarded by those who are [illegible] qualified to judge as a man of ver[illegible] traordinary intellect. He has pre[illegible] in our County Court and the people [illegible] shown their confidence in him the[illegible] least, by their repeatedre-elections to [illegible] respectable and responsible position.

So far from any lack of brain, the t[illegible] is we would sooner say—but for its [illegible] dental importance at this time—that t[illegible] office was two small for Mr. Holmes, [illegible] that he was too small for the office. M[illegible] Holmes has been a true and tried fri[illegible] of the Union. We state this in just[illegible] to Mr. Holmes, not to arraign his co[illegible] petitors. We do not allude to Mr. Bla[illegible] mer as one, it being generally underst[illegible] that he will be put on everybody's t[illegible] et. Mr. Crawford has very properly patriotically withdrawn thereby fulfilling our opinion both of his patriotism and good sense. Who is Mr. Bringle? Plays a lovely game of billiards. We hope, if elected, he may be half as successful in making laws, suitable to our present crisis. Then we see that [illegible] nobody will suit but him. If the Dr. don't raise more steam in this canvass than when he ran against the "iron-clad" last summer we are inclined to think that his numerous admirers will be doomed to disappointment.

As to Dr. Luckey friend Stewart, we repeat 'tacked' him on to Blackmer 'thinking doubtless' that by this *coup de main* "he would get him dragged through" it would be as well for candidates before going too far, to reflect whether they have ever uttered *disloyal* opinions since 26th April last either in a house, *road* or elsewhere.

F. E. SHOBER, Esq.

We understand that it is definitively settled that the gentleman whose name heads this article, is to be a candidate for the Senate from this District composed of the counties of Davie and Rowan. Mr. Shober was an old line Whig and prior to the secession of the State was a firm and unflinching Union man. He held out as long, as persistently and as faithfully as any public Union man within the range of our acquaintance and never made even after all hope had passed, any such declarations as "war to the knife—the knife to the hilt" but remained quietly in the back ground, until his fellow citizens called for his services in the legislative halls. His course there, while entirely consistent with his past feelings and predilections, was eminently conservative. He did not deem it necessary then, or right or proper now, to put men under the ban and hold them up to the public execration of our northern brethru, and indeed the world, because they honestly differed with him on some vital organic questions.

Shober is a good man and true—has never proved recreant to a trust and is of the class of intelligent and experienced men we so much need at this time.

The Emperor Max has given a Sonora mine to a newspaper editor.

The Government sold 1,500 bales of captured otton, on Friday, in New York.

GENERAL NEWS.

New Orleans, Oct. 24.—Advices have been received from Juarez in an official journal from El Paso, dated the 16th of September, confirming the reports of his having fixed upon that place as his seat of government.

L'Estafette, the French organ in the city of Mexico, of a late date, has been received. It warmly urges immigration to Mexico, especially of the Southern districts.

It details many highly advantageous inducements offered by the imperial Government. Southerners can bring their negroes as apprentices, under the conditions prescribed by the Empire.

The Picayune has received advices from Matamoras to the 19th, which say that city is besieged by Cortinas and Escabadad, with thirty-five hundred troops. No serious assault had yet been made.

All communication had been cut off, except with Brownsville, from whence provisions were brought.

General Vega is reported as besieging the imperial forces in Tampico.

The Matamoras correspondent of the Times, in a letter dated the 18th, says: "The whole town is entirely alarmed. Escabada, Cortinas and Cavalges have two thousand five hundred men and twelve pieces of cannon. The foreign pickets have been driven in, and pursued almost into town by Cortinas.

For five months there has been a repetition of these scenes. Oortinas, with a force estimated at from 300 to 500, keeps Matamoras so close besieged that no one dare stir an inch beyond the fortifications.

There is no communication with Bagdad by the other side of the river, and none at all with Monterey and the interior.

General Mejia has ordered all communication closed with Brownsville.

Mejia has about 1,700 men, well armed and equipped, but lacks officers and gunners. The native population is decidedly in favor of the Liberals. It is believed that the numbers of the Liberal force are greatly exagerated, and it is hardly thought they will assault the town; but they will probably besiege it and try to starve it into submission, or force the imperialists to pitched battle.

The convoy, which has so often been driven back to Monterey, has at last started with an escort of 1,000 French troops and 800 imperialists. It is reported that it will bring two millions of dollars. Trade is completely dead, and money is scarce and commands a large interest.

New Orleans, Oct. 26. City of Mexico advices of the 18th Sept., have been received. Ex-Gov. Allen has started a newspaper called the Mexican Times, devoted to sustaining Maximillian. Liberal grants of land to American emigrants are offered.

Maximilian publicly adopted Don Augustine De Iturbide as his heir. He was proclaimed heir on the 16th of September, the anniversary of Mexican independence.

Maximilian has published a decree offering most liberal terms to emigrants. The Emperor is now he is developing the resources of the country to the utmost of his ability.

New York, Oct. 28.—The Senate of the Fenian Brotherhood met last evening, in executive session, at the Astor House, Col. W. R. Roberts, President presiding. The meeting was secret, but enough was learned to show that important business was transacted. Bureaus of Finance, military naval and civil, were organized, and their various duties defined. Other important matters were also under discussion, which at present withheld; but it is understood they are of vital interest to the body, not only in the United States, but in the Canadas and Ireland. Col. Roberts (President) with Senators Killian and Meeney, who returned from Washington on Wednesday evening, where they had been on very important business, laid the same before the Senate. This business is secret, but a portion thereof will be made public in a day or two. A new hall of Congress and a house for the Executive, it is said will soon be erected.

IRON SAFE FOR SALE.

A medium size Iron Safe, for Sale.
Apply to
PETER W. HAIRSTON.
November 3rd, '65. 4t-138

DR. J. R. G. FAUCETTE, of Greensboro, N. C. J. F. FAUCETTE, Of Alamance, N. C.

FAUCETTE & BRO.,

COMMISSION AND FORWARDING MERCHANTS,

PURCHASING AGENTS,

AND

GENERAL PRODUCE DEALERS,

NEW BERNE, N. C.

November 3rd, 1865. 3m-138.

PRO BONO PUBLICO.

THE SUBSCIBER HAS JUST OPENED A

Commission House

And now prepared to receive all kinds of produce and Merchandise, on consignment and Commission, for which prompt returns will be made or sales. His former acquantances in the mercantile community, and more especially, the public generally is sufficient guarantee. (without reference.)

S. FRANKFORD.
Oct. 5, 1865. d1mopd126

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COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

79 Pearl Street, New York.

Particular attention given to the sale of Cotton, Cotton Yarns, Cotton Cloth, Naval Stores, Leaf and Manufactured Tobacco, &c.

Liberal advances made on consignments in hand.

Orders Solicited for the Purchase of Goods.

☞ All Consignments to us are covered by Insurance as soon as shipped, on all Rail Roads, and from all Shipping Ports, through to New York, whether advice of Shipment is received or not.

☞ CONSIGNMENTS SOLICITED. ☜

THOS. J. SUMNER,	Charlotte,	N. C.
DANIEL WORTH,	Company Shops,	"
S. G. MURPHY,	New York City,	
ROBERT R. SWEPSON,	" "	
G. W. SWEPSON,	Haw River,	"
C. P. MENDENHALL,	Greensboro,	"

November 2nd, '65. tf-137

Valuable Property

FOR SALE.

I WILL sell at public Auction on the 10th Nov'r., my House and Lot, pleasantly situated in the town of

NEWTON, N. C.

The house is a two story, with five fire places, five rooms, a passage about 10 feet wide, an excellent orchard and all necessary outbuildings attached.

ALSO:

at the same time my household and kitchen furniture, one fine Mule, and a lot of Corn.

N. A MOSES.
Newton, N. C, Nov 2nd, '65. ts-137

BUILDING LOTS.

PERSONS wishing building lots in the Western suburbs of the city, will do well to call on the Subscriber. JOHN A. BRADSHAW.
November 2nd, '65 1w pd137

A LIVELY TIME AT

Bringle's Ferry,

ON SATURDAY NOVEMBER 4TH.

THE Candidates are invited to attend a large gathering at the above place and time. The people of that sect on are anxious to see and hear them all. There will be a shooting match, and plenty chicken pie on hand.

There will be ambulances and wagons leaving Salisbury between 5 and 6 o'clock Saturday morning, of attending. A. MYERFIELD

25 CENTS REWARD.

An indented Apprentice named Mary Green ran away from me on the 4th of June last without any provocation, and I hereby forewarn all persons from harboring or employing said girl, as I shall enforce the law against all persons who do so.

The above reward but no thanks will be paid for her delivery to me SAMUEL W. BROWN.
Salisbury, N. C., Nov. 1st, 1865. 3tdpd136.

New Candidate

Eight or 10 Gentlemen, can obtain Board with L. D. Bencini,—also: Horses, Buggies and Carriages, for Hire.

Salisbury, N. C, Nov. 1st, '65. d3w136

NOTICE.

FOR Sale my residence, in the town of Salisbury. Terms liberal if early application is made. Sale privately determined on.

M WHITEHEAD.
November 1st '65. dts 136

STOP THE THIEF.

Stolen from the Subscriber in Salisbury N. C., on the night of October, the 29th inst., a sorrel horse (stallion) three years old last spring, about 15 hands high with a slight saddle mark on the point of the right shoulder, also the spine shows evidence of an old sore. He has some white on his belly, there are a few scattering white hares on his weathers and forehead, has a long neck small head, and ears prominent. I will give a liberal reward for any information that will enable me to recover the horse.

A. M. NESBITT.
Oct. 31, 1865. 1wd-no135

Another Ticket,

BLACKWOOD & CO.,

Auctioneers.

IN THE FIELD ON MONDAY, 6 NOV'R.

With a Splendid lot of Furniture consisting in part of

2 *Elegant Velvet Tapestry Carpet,*
2 *Marble top Beaureaus with Mirrors,*
1 *Large Parlor Mirror,*
1 *Marble top side Board,*
4 *Fine French Cottage Bedsteads,*
2 *Hair Mattrasses,*
Feather Beds & Furniture,
1 *Excellent Cook Stove and Fixtures,*
Chairs, Tables, Washstands, &c.

Sale to commence at 10½ o'clock.
November 2nd, 1865. 3t 137.

LOCAL.

Parting Amusements.

We learn that a squad of U. S. Soldiers on their way to Charlotte to be mustered out of service, broke open one or more stores at Harrisburg, a small settlement on the N. C. R. R., gutting the store ro stores completely, and that after reaching Charlotte, some of them broke open the doors of private dwellings.

We need scarcely add that they were cavalry. The infantry have deported themselves with remarkable propriety. The row was we learn promptly suppressed by officers of the 130th Ind. V. I.

MASONIC NOTICE.

We are requested to remind the Fraternity that the stated communication of Fulton Lodge No. 99 A. Y. M., will be held to night. Lodge opened 6 o'clock.

A lecture on the third degree may be expected.

The next meeting after this will be on Tuesday night 7th inst.

AN ERROR CORRECTED.

We learn that a portion of our article of 1st inst., was misunderstood, in fact, misconstrued. It is charged that we declare in that article in contradiction of the ticket at the head of our columns and of previous expressions to the contrary that Mr. Blackmer is not the choice of the people. We certainly had not the slightest intension of conveying such an impression nor do we think the article by a fair analysis will bear such a construction.

We quote the sentence and those immediately preceeding and following it—alluding to the nomination of Mr. Holmes in conjunction with Mr. Blackmer, we wrote as follows:

"The truth is this ticket was brought out by a few factious radicals, who desire to dictate to the people in the matter of selecting candidates. We do not believe Mr. Blackmer is *their* choice but *they* durst not bring out the men *they* have first selected. Hence *they* adopted Mr. Blackmer, and tacked on Holmes, thinking doubtless, that by this chicanery they would get him dragged through."

The whole cont xt clearly shows that in using the pronouns we intended them for those we had alluded to as putting forward this ticket,—it was the *point.*

SAUCE FOR THE GOOSE—SAUCE FOR THE GANDER.

We learn that a few days since a gang of negro children on their way from school, in passing along Main St., sang in chorus that song in which occurs the line "We'll hang Jeff Davis, on a sour-apple tree."—Such a declaration grates upon southern ears even when sung by those who do so from habit but coming from little darkies along the streets it is *exceedingly insulting.*

Some time ago perhaps in June last, one of our worthiest citizens, was arrested and carried before the Commandant of the Post, because some of his little children had sung "rebel songs."—The father explained that the child was too young to have ever learned any other and thereupon he was dismissed with a curse.

There is not a more deep-seated prejudice especially among the ladies than against northern *female* teachers of colored schools, and it cannot be bettered by such conduct as we have detailed.

A Lively Scene.

In accordance with a previons notice, Mr. A. Myerfield addressed on yesterday from the steps of the Town Hall, quite a crowd of his fellow citizens. He announced himself as a candidate for the House of Commons. He annnounced that he was a dutchman by birth, a Northerner by raising but a Southerner at heart, that while he depricated war before it came, he felt that the South was his home and he joined the Confederate Army and fought for what he considered his country. He also said that during the war, his purse was always open to the poor.

He alluded also to the entertainment at Bringle's Ferry on next Saturday mentioning several inducements for gentlemen to attend.

His views being asked for on the Gubernatorial question, he expressed his opposition to Governor Holden in unmeasured terms; pulled off his coat and turned it inside out and after putting it on, offerred his appearance as similar to the political attitude of Gov. Holden.

He also declared that we had no right to make any comments on the candidates, let everybody vote without any lights thrown upon the subject.

Mr. Myerfield is a neat and graceful speaker and his excellent English and well rounded periods elicited bursts of applause from time to time. He made one declration we never heard before from a candidate, that he did not expect to be elected.

He also stated in his remarks that he had fought four years, that were it to do over he should again.

He was replied to by Mr. Plummer in a few racy and felicitous remarks, the exact purport of which we did not gather except that he seemed desirous to proceed cautiously, as he would with emphatic gesture frequently enquire of his audience, "Aint that so?" We hope these gentlemen will give us a discussion some of these long nights. We will publish notice free of charge. We enjoyed the whole scene hugely.

Judge Longstreet might turn a nice penny out of it.

We hope the speakers will furnish copies of their remarks for publication.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

A Ticket for the People to Unite On.

Dr. N. F. Lucky and Luke Blackmer, Esq., will be most heartily supported by their numerous friends for seats in the House of Commons at the next General Assembly of North Carolina.

MANY VOTERS.

THOMAS McNEELY

Announces himself as a candidate for the office, as Clerk of the Superior Court of Rowan, at the ensuing election.

Oct. 18 1865. td126

We are authorized to announce Col. S. H. WALKUP, of Union county as a candidate for U. S. Congress from the Sixth District.

His earnest efforts in 1861 for peace, and his subsequent chivalrous conduct, commends him to all true and loyal voters.

☞ We are authorized to announce WILLIAM A. WALTON, as a candidate for the office of Sheriff for Rowan County.

We are authorized to announce A. W. OWEN, a Candidate for the office of County Court Clerk of Rowan, at the ensuing election.

☞ We are authorized to announce SOLOMON KLUTTS, Esq., as a candidate for re-election to the office of Sheriff, of Rowan County.

☞ We are authorized to announce OBADIAH WOODSON, a candidate for the office of County Court Clerk of Rowan, at the ensuing election.

The Peoples Ticket.

Luke Blackmer Esq. and Moses L. Holmes are the people's choice for the Commons in the next General Assembly of North Carolina.

MANY VOTERS.

☞ We are authorized to announce DAVID L. BRINGLE, Esq., as an independent candidate to represent the people of Rowan in the Commons of the next General Assembly

☞ We are authorized to announce Col. B. S. GAITHER, as a candidate for U. S. Congress, from the 7th Congressional District. He endorses the administration of President Johnson and will give it his cordial support.

We are authorized to announce Dr. J. G. RAMSAY a candidate for Congress in the 6th District composed of the counties of Rowan, Cabarrus, Mecklenburg, Union, Gaston, Lincoln, Catawba, Iredell, Alexander, Wilkes, Yadkin, and Davie. dte126

ANDREW JOHNSON, HOLDEN UNION TICKET.

Dr. WM. SLOAN, of Gaston County will be supported most heartly for the House of Representatives of the United States Congress, by all loyal men looking to early restoration and general harmony.

Dr. Sloan's record will furnish no *data* for his rejection at the hands of the Federal Congress. This, Charlotte District, is now the 6th.

MANY VOTERS

MR. EDITOR—

Please announce in your paper, (the *Union Banner*) the names of LUKE BLACKMER and PAUL C. SIFFORD, as the people's candidates, to represent Rowan County, in the House of Commons, in the next General Assembly, of North Carolina.

MANY VOTERS

NEW GOODS!

NEW GOODS!

The subscriber has just returned from the North, where his extensive acquaintance has enabled him to purchase at the lowest figures, a large and elegant assortment of STAPLE and FANCY

DRY GOODS,

GROCERIES &c.

which he is enabled to sell at low prices for

CASH.

The Stock selected with reference to taste, neatness and durability, consists of every variety of

Ladies Dress Goods,

Hats, Hose, Handkerchiefs

Hoop-Skirts

Combs and

Brushes

and in fact everything needed about a

LADY'S TOILET.

Gents Dress Goods,

Ready-made Clothing,

Congress Gaiters and

SHIRTS.

Blank Books, Paper, Valises, Crockery of all descriptions, Hardware, French MUSTARD, old Cognay Brandy, Plantation Bitters, a lot of Wines

poses,

Buckets,

Shoe Brushes,

Looking Glasses,

Slates and Pencils,

Brooms and Brushes,

Ladies Shawls

BROGANS,

and a lot of

YANKEE NOTIONS, CANDIES

AND

CONFECTIONERIES.

And yet the half has not been told. COME AND SEE—it will do your eyes good, and costs nothing, and if you buy it will cost next to nothing.

COUNTRY BARTER

and PRODUCE of every kind taken in exchange for GOODS

SPECIE and BANK NOTES taken at market rates in exchange for Goods.

Country Merchants

Will be supplied with stocks of goods at a moderate advance on New York prices.

W. H. HOWERTON,

BOYDEN HOUSE STORE.

Sept 28, 1865. 3moed108

ARRIVING DAILY.

AT

"MAJOR TURNER'S NEW STORE."

A LARGE and BEAUTIFUL collection of

LADIES HATS and TRIMMINGS,

MOURNING GOODS,

Lawn, Calicoes, Shoes and Gaiters.

A large assortment of

GROCERIES.

I have also on hand a choice variety of

DRY GOODS,

DYE STUFFS PAINTS & GLASS

Crockery,

Cutlery,

Hardware, Glass Ware, &c.

All selected from the best markets of the East.

This is one of the finest assortments ever brought to this market.

J. C. TURNER,

Cowan's Brick Row Main St.

August 8 1865. tf-63

NEW GOODS.

BRADSHAW BROWN & CO

No 2 Granite Row

Respectfully invite the attention of the public and their friends, to their entire new stock of

GOODS

Comprising the latest and most fashionable styles of *DRY GOODS, Boots and Shoes, Ready made Clothing, Groceries, Hardware and Crockery.*

In part the following articles:

Black Bombazine, Bl'k and colored Merinoes, bl'k Alpacas, bl'k and col'd Muslin de Laines, printed do. Ginghams assorted, bl'k & fancy PRINTS. fancy Poplins, Irish Linen, Bird eye Diaper, table Linen, Towels, blc'hd and brown Domestic. Jackonets and Cambrics, white, red gray Flannels, Plaid

Ladies and Gents Linen pocket handkerchiefs.
do do Shawls and Cloaks.
do do Hats and Caps, assorted.
do do Boots and Shoes assorted.

Also a good supply of Sole Leather and Calf Skins Shoe findings assorted. Coffee, Sugar and Tea.

No. 1 & 2 Mackerel,

kits, half barrels and barrels. Bacon, Flour and Cheese, best in the market, and many other articles too numerous to mention.

No charges for showing goods—give us a call before buying elsewhere.

Our business will be done exclusively for cash, or barter, we will trade all kinds of produce.

Be sure and give us a call at Murphy's Brick Row.

JOHN A. BRADSHAW.
JOHN D. BROWN,
THOS. E. BROWN,

A CARD.

I have formed a new copartnership with the above named gentlemen, for the purpose of doing a Merchandising business in this place, and hope that my long experience in the business both as buyer and seller, will be some advantage to my old customers, if they will give me a call. Very respectfully,

JOHN D BROWN.

Salisbury, Oct. 11, 1865. 3md119

THE SACRED DEAD.

During the War the Graves of many have been unmarked owing to the impossibility of procuring proper

MONUMENTS.

THE SUBSBRIBERS

KING WHITLOW & CO.

On the Burnt Block

ON SAUNDER'S OLD STAND.

Fayetteville St. Raleigh, N. C.

NOW announce to the Public they have opened

Marble and Stone Works

at the above place, and would respectfully solicit orders from Western North Carolina and other portions of the State. Parties by writing to us can have their wishes supplied. We are prepared to furnish MONUMENTS, VAULTS, HEADSTONES SLABS and MARBLE MANTLES, &c, as cheap as any firm in the country. We have the services of

an Accomplished Carver,

and can execute the most beautiful and *spiritueile* designs

We will also contract for all kinds of

Stone Work and Masonry.

REFERS TO—Geo. W. Mordicai, Raleigh; H. M. Heck, do.; Editor *Union Banner*, Salisbury.

Oct. 6, 1865 d3mo116

LARGE SALE

OF PERSONAL

PROPERTY.

HANING determined to close up my farm opperations in Rowan. I will sell at Auction, on Wednesday the 15th NOVEMBER next, at my Yadkin river Farm, 5 miles East of Salisbury, the crop of

CORN

Between 2000 and 2500 bushels WHEAT. A large quantity of

OATS, FODDER, HAY, SHUCKS & STRAW

2 *MULES*, 7 *head of HORSES*, 32 *head CATTLE*, nearly full blooded. *DEVON*, including 8 or 10 very fine

MILCH COWS & CALVES,

60 head of *HOGS*, stock and fattening, *SHEEP*, &c., &c. ALSO

two four horse wagons, and one 1 horse cart, all of my *FARMING IMPLEMENTS. WAGONS and PLOUGH GAERING*, set of

BLACK-SMITH TOOLS,

one large Kettle and Wooden Molasses Mill, two Wheat Fans, &c.

At the same time and place, I will also rent for one year the *FERRY*, on the premises.

Terms made kown on the day of sale.

P. B. CHAMBERS.

Oct. 19, 1865.—d&wts

Spotswood Hotel,

RICHMOND, Va., August, 1865.

IT having been reported that the *Spotswood Hotel* had been confiscated and closed, the proprietors deem t proper to assure the Public that such is not the case. The House is open for the accommodation of visitors, as it has been from its opening day in September, 1860.

The House has been remodeled, renovated, refurnished, and put in perfect order throughout, and the traveling public may rest assured of finding as comfortable accommations with us as can be found in any first class Hotel, North or South.

Our friends, patrons, and the travelling public generally, visiting Richmond, are cordially invited to make their home with us, and no pains will be spared to make them comfortable, as we are pledged to sustain the well known reputation of the House.

Our former patrons will find the old employees of the House still in our service, were they will be pleased to welcome them as formerly.

TORKERY & MILLWOOD, Proprietors.

Oct. 14. d3mo122

STOLEN!

A brown Mare Mule, about 10 years old, left eye out, back a little sore, a few small white spots caused by the saddle, was stolen from Mr. T. J. Foster's gate in Salisbury, on Thursday night 26th Oct.

I will pay a liberal reward for her recovery.

Apply to T. J. FOSTER.

October 31st, 1865. 4tw2mo135

EXCHANGE HOTEL,

HILLSBORO' STREET,

RALEIGH, N. C.

THIS popular Hotel, situated on the finest street in the beautiful "City of Oaks," has already earned the reputation, under the management of its experienced Proprietors, of being the best Hotel in the South. It is located within a few yards of the State Capitol, and is near the business part of the City.

If pleasant and clean beds, a liberal table, and respectable and attentive servants will make Guests comfortable, these can be counted on at the Exceange Hotel.

RANDALL & CO.

October 11, 1865. 1mo4pd-116.

D. E. BRIDGFORD. A. MYERS. WM. MYERS

BRIDGFORD & MYERS,

AUCTIONEERS,

General Commission & Forwarding Merchants

Dock and 17th Streets, Richmond, Va.

Oct. 17, 1865. d3mo.

SPRAGUE BROTHERS

GROCERY MERCHANTS,

OLD STAND, SALISBURY, N. C.

Oct. 3 1865—3mo4pd111

JOHN DOOLY,

That CAP and FUR Dealer,

RICHMOND, VA.

HAS constantly on hand an extensive stock of every article in his line. His goods shall be sold to Merchants from North Carolina, Tennessee and Virginia, at as low prices as they can be had at the Jobbing Hat houses in New York, Philadelphia or Baltimore Having the same facilities for getting goods from first class Manufactories as any House in any city. Purchasers are invited to call and examine my stock.

Oct. 14. d3mos122

Northern Flour for Sale

I have a lot of fresh Northern FLOUR at $6 50 per 100 pounds. Call at my place, near the Railroad Ticket Office. JACOB MILLER.

Also, six horses and a spring wagon for sale.

Oct. 7th, 1865 d9tpd

FOR RENT.

ONE half of the plantation owned by Mrs. Mary Murdhy, lying 4 miles from Salisbury on the Western N. C. Railroad. For terms, apply to

d6t133-w2t11 W. MURPHY, Ag't.

Blossom Brothers,

(SUCCESSORS TO BEJ. BLOSSOM & SON)

Commission Merchants.

Cotton, Naval Stores, Grain, Tobacco, Yarns, Sheetings, &c.,

159 Front Street,

CHAS. W. BLOSSOM. }
JAMES B. BLOSSOM, } NEW YORK.
JOSIAH B. BLOSSOM, }

Liberal advances made on consignments upon receipt of Bill of Lading.

References—The Bank of N. C., and other Banks at Wilmington, Newbern, Washington, Tarboro, Fayetteville, Raleigh, Salisbury, Charlotte and Greensboro.

A. M. McPHEETERS, Raleigh, N. C.,
Will forward to us, through that place, (*free of forwarding commission,*) paying railroad freight, to any shipping port.

J. R BLOSSOM & CO, Wilmington, N. C.,
GEO. H. BROWN & CO., Washington, N. C.
S. T. JONES & CO., Newbern, N. C.,
HENRY GUISELIN, Norfolk, Va.,
Will forward produce to us, *free of forwarding commission*, except on naval stores and by steamer or sailing vessel, as shippers may direct; and, when desired, will pay taxes, &c., at the shipping ports.

N. B.—Consignments to us are covered by Inland and Marine Insurance, as soon as freighted, from places on all Railroads and Rivers in North and South Carolina, Georgia and Florida, and from all Shipping Ports, through to New York, whether advice of shipment is received or not. 109 3mo&w7

WALTON HOUSE,

MORGANTON, N. C.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING LEASED the above Hotel for a number of years, are now refitting it and puting it in good order for the accommodation of the public, and those who wish to visit Morganton and enjoy the fresh Mountain breeze, will find at the Walton House a good, comfortable Room and the best furnished table in the State.

HUNT & WALTON.

August 7th, 1865. 3mo-[illegible]

C. W. ROSE & CO.,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

Wines, Liquors Teas, Coffee, Sugar, assorted Groceries, Fish and PROVISIONS,

CRAVEN STREET,

(BETWEEN SOUTH FRONT AND POLLOK,)

NEWBERN, N. C.

☞ Merchants and Traders sending orders to be shipped by express, will have them promptly filled at a slight advance on New York prices.

C. C. THOMAS, with
C. W. R & Co. } 3mosd108

September 29, 1865.

MICHAEL BROWN

COMMISSION MERCHANT AND

Dealer In Merchandise.

WOULD inform his friends and the public, that he is now receiving the following articles which will be sold low for cash, or exchanged for produce.

Spun Cotton assorted. No. 8, 9, 10, 11 & 12; Brown and Bleached shirting; Calicoes; Linen, silk and Cotton Handkerchiefs; Shoes, Ladie's & Gents Hosiery; Hats Black & Drab; Suspenders; Irish Linen; Shirt Collars & Bosoms; Coats Spool Thread; Flax Thread; Buttons assorted; Hoop Skirts; Black Braid; Iron, Nails; Tobacco, Snuff & Cigars; Flour in Barrels & Sacks &c., &c.

Salisbury, July 25, 1865. ly-63-

THE DRUG STORE

BURBANK, GALLAGHER, AND

MORRIS.

HAVE a large and select stock of

Drugs & Medicines,

at their Store Main Street, opposite Murphy's Block

ALSO, a select assortment of articles for the TOILET, *Cosmetique* and perfumery. Extracts, Eau de Cologne, Brushes and Combs, and a great variety other things for ornament and use. 3mod109

T. G. AUSTIN. D. DAVIDSON

T. G. AUSTIN & CO.

GROCERS AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No 2 Camden Street, near Light St. Baltimore, Md

Agents for McKeon, Van Haagen & Co's Celebrated Washing Soaps, and the following variety of Soaps—Stearine, Oriental Detersive, Pacific Family, Olive Chemical, Pale Soap, Cut and Bar Castile; also a large variety of Fancy toilet soaps.

Oct. 23 No-128. 3mo-pd.

THE BEST

MOST EXPEDITIOUS & COMFORTABLE ROUTE FROM CHARLOTTE TO THE NORTHERN CITIES.

VIA

NORTH CAROLINA RAILROAD,

RALEIGH & GASTON RAILROAD,

Petersburg & Weldon Railroad,

AND THEIR

VARIOUS CONNECTIONS.

PASSENGERS by this line will leave Charlotte at 3 o'clock p. m, arrive at Raleigh 4.30 a. m. Leave Raleigh 5 o'clock a m, arrive at Gaston 12 a m, and leave Gaston 1 p m arrive at Petersburg 6.30 p m, and leave that night for Richmond and the North, or stay in Petersburg, get a good night's rest and take the cars for City Point, connecting with the James River steamers for northern points.

Passengers for western or southern points will leave Petersburg at 5.30 o'clock a m arrive at Gaston 11 a m. Leave Gaston 11 a m. arrive at Raleigh 7 p. m. Leave Raleigh at 7.40 p m, and 6 a m.

Passengers are respectfully requested to get tickets before entering the cars.

No trains on the Petersburg Rail Road on Sunday

E. WILKES,
Eng, and Sup't N C R R.
A. JOHNSON,
Sup't Raleigh & Gaston R R.
R. M. DUNLOP,
dtf110 Sup't Petersburg and Weldon R R.

LARGESALE

OF

VALUABLE PROPERTY.

I WILL SELL AT MY St. JOHN'S PLANTATION 8 miles Northeast of Salisbury and one mile from Trading board

ON THE 20TH NOVR,

my Stock, Crop and Farming utensils—consisting of

Horses,

Mules, Cows,
Sheep, Hogs,
Corn, Wheat,
Oats, Fodder,
and Hay,

2 FOUR HORSE WAGONS

And Gear,

4 One Horse Carts,

Scythes, Cradles, Mowing Scythes, etc., etc.

Terms made known on day of sale.

PETER W. HAIRSTON.

—ALSO—

AT the same time and place a fine selection of household and kitchen furniture, a lot of farming tools, one buggy and harness, and many other articles.

J. W. ARMES,

Oct. 30, 1865. dts134

SWEPSON, MENDENHALL, & CO.

GENERAL

Commission Merchants,

FOR THE SALE OF

TOBACCO, RAW COTTON, COTTON YARNS, CLOTHS, & NAVAL STORES,

☞ Orders solicited for the purchase of goods. ☜

79 Pearl Street, N. Y.

T. J. SUMNER, Company Shops, N. C.
Robert R. Swepson, New York City.
Sam'l. G. Murphy, " "
Cyrus P. Mendenhall, President Farmer's Bank, Greensboro N. C.
Jan'l. Worth, Company Shops, N. C.
Geo. W. Swepson, Haw River, N. C.

Liberal cash advances made on consignments in bd.

July 5-d6m

Stockholders Meeting

A Meeting of the Stockholders, of the Salisbury Gas Company, will be held on Friday the 3rd Nov., at 5 o'clock P. M. at the Intendant Police Office, in the Town Hall. Business of importance will be transacted and every Stockholder, should be present.

By Order of the Board of Directors.

JAMES H. ENNIS.

Secretary Treasury

November 1st '65. udm136

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

DR. R. P. BESSENT.

IS NOW AT THE BOYDEN HOUSE, WHERE he will remain for a short time. Room No. 23.

Salisbury, Aug. 22, 1865.76-tf

DR. M. WHITEHEAD,

OFFICE AT HIS RESIDENCE,

WHERE he can be found at all hours unless

Professionally Engaged.

Salisbury June 15, 1865.

DR. C. A. HENDERSON,

RESPECTFULLY INFORMS THE PUBLIC that he is still engaged in the practice of Medicine. Office up stairs at

HENDERSON & SCHAFER'S

Drug Store, Salisbury North Carolina.

DR. NESBITT.

STILL PRACTICES MEDICINE, SURGERY and Midwifery.

Salisbury N. C., June 22, 1865 tf

STILES KENNEDY, M. D.

OFFICE NO. 5, MANSION HOUSE,

SALISBURY NORTH CAROLINA.

June 15, 1865.

SOUTHERN BOOKS.

Sterling Campnell and Albright,

PUBLISHERRS,

And dealers in Books, Stationery, &c.,

GREENSBORO, N. C.,

CONTINUE TO PUBLISH "Our Own" Series of School Books, consisting of Primers, Spelling Books, Readers, Arithmetes and English Grammer also Bingham's Latin Grammer and Cæsar. We offer our Books to Teachers and Booksellers on as moderate terms as are offered by publishers in any part of the United States.

☞ For specimen copies or lists of prices address as above.

Aug. 10th 65—3mo.

DENTISTRY.

H. L. Coleman D. D. S.

(Successor to Dr. W. F. Bason,)

RESPECTFULLY OFFERS HIS PROFESsional Services to the citizens of Salisbury and vicinity.

Dr. C. feels assured with the experience of fourteen (14) years practice he can give general satisfaction. He can be found at his office, formerly occupied by Dr W. F. Bason, at all hours.

When money cannot be paid for operations on the teeth, provisions will be received; such as bacon hams, no. 1 flour, chickens, butter, eggs, &c., at market prices. nov30tf

HOPKINS & CO.

(Hopkins, Hull & Atkinson,

Importers and Wholesale Dealers in Foreign and Domestic

DRY GOODS.

No 258 Baltimore Street, (opposite Hanover St. Baltimore. Ask their old friends and Merchants generally to call and examine their stock.

Oct. 23 No 128 d3mo-pd

JAS. M. GOODMAN,

WITH

THOS. J. FLACK & SONS,

DEALERS IN

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

LIQUORS, WINES AND CORDIALS,

Corner of Bowly and Guilford Sts.

BALTIMORE, MD.

☞ A large assortment of Foreign and Domestic Liquors, of well known Brands, constantly on hand, and for sale on the most accommodating terms.

Oct 23 No-128. 3mo.

LEONARD PASSANO,

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

Notions and Fancy Goods, Hosiery, Gloves, Trimmings, Table & Pocket Cutlery,

No. 268 W. Baltimore St.,

BALTIMORE, MD.

Oct 23 No-128. 1mo-pd.

Fall and Winter Fashions.

LATEST STYLES.

Mrs. McFARLAND.

Mansion House.

HAVING just returned from the North with a choice *STOCK*. Latest styles of Bonnets, Hats, Veils, Ribbons, Feathers, Flowers, Silk belts, fancy Buckles, hair Nets, fancy head Dresses, old ladies' Caps, &c., &c. ALSO,

is prepared to cut and make ladies dresses, cloaks and children's cloths, in the latest fashions—would be pleased to see her former customers and the public generally. Prices reasonable and prompt attention to orders.

Oct. 19, 1865—d1y126